Morbidity and Mortality Report





U.S. Department of HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Public Health Service

NATIONAL OFFICE OF VITAL STATISTICS

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Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended January 14, 1956

During the last 6 months of 1955 the reported weekly numbers of infectious hepatitis cases remained approximately constant, fluctuating for the most part between 400 and 500 for the country as a whole. An increase in incidence usually occurs during the winter months but as yet there is no indication of the usual seasonal rise. This is also true for the individual States.

While large numbers of cases have been reported recently in 3 States-California, New York, and Pennsylvania-with large populations, their incidence rates are lower than those of many States with fewer inhabitants. The States with the highest incidence rates are in the northern part of the United States. In previous years the southeastern part of the country has experienced a relatively high incidence. Unlike the continental United States, an increase in the incidence of the disease was reported in Alaska during the latter part of 1955. Conditions including lack of sanitary facilities in most communities in Alaska are favorable for the spread of the infection. Since July 1, 1955, more than 1 case has been reported for every 1,000 inhabitants of the Territory. This is the highest incidence rate that Alaska has experienced for a comparable period since the disease was made reportable in 1952.

For the current week, a total of 57 cases of diphtheria was reported. Michigan reported 12 cases—the highest weekly in more than a year-the usual number being less than 5. However, early in 1955 the State reported 10 cases in 1 week. Other States reporting 4 cases or more are: California, 8; Texas, 6; Florida, 5; and Louisiana and Georgia, 4 each.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Suspect smallpox

Dr. D. S. Fleming, Minnesota Department of Health, has supplied additional information on the case of suspect smallpox reported for the week ended December 24, 1955. A herpes simplex virus has been isolated from vesicular fluid obtained from the patient. This rules out a diagnosis of smallpox. No secondary cases have been reported among the patient's contacts.

Salmonellosis

Dr. F. Plotke, Public Health Officer in Illinois, has reported an outbreak of salmonellosis involving 6 persons in an institution. Epidemiologic evidence indicated that eggnog was the vehicle of infection. Bacteriological examination revealed the presence of Salmonella pullorum infrozen eggs used in the preparation of the eggnog.

The Los Angeles County Department of Health has reported an outbreak of salmonellosis among 10 persons in a private household. Of these, 9 became ill with acute gastrointestinal symptoms from $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $15\frac{1}{2}$ hours after eating a meal. A mixture of chopped beef liver and chicken served for dinner was considered to be the vehicle of infection because the person not ill ate none of it. Although never ill, this person was later found to be a carrier of Salmonella Newport. There were 2 other persons (infant twins) in the household who did not eat any of the dinner. Of the twins, one had diarrhea prior to the

outbreak. A stool specimen collected yielded S. alachua. The other twin had had recurrent diarrhea since birth and had been under treatment by a family pediatrician. However, at the time of the dinner it was symptom free. A stool culture taken later was negative for Salmonella.

The liver mixture was prepared with onions and fried in chicken fat for about half an hour. It was left unrefrigerated for about 6 hours, then transported from the place of preparation to the residence where it was served. Here, it remained on a table for several hours with members of the family serving themselves from time to time. With one of the twins ill for several days prior to this occasion, it is possible that in handling the infant the infection may have been transferred to the food. None of the food was available for bacteriological examination but a specimen of liver, from which the chopped meat came, was negative for pathogens.

A special investigation was made in the household where the liver mixture was prepared. The head of the household had made a trip to Mexico about 2 months before the outbreak. A few days after returning home, he developed acute diarrhea which lasted about 3 days, but he did not seek medical attention. No stool specimens were obtained until after the food infection episode. Salmonella Newport was isolated from the first specimen collected. A later specimen was negative, but a third collected 2 months after the incident yielded S. alachua. The first specimen collected from his wife was negative, and the second was positive for S. typhimurium. From the clinical cases S. Newport and S. alachua were isolated. Because several types of Salmonella organisms were isolated, no definite etiology could be assigned to this outbreak.

Dr. D. C. Poskanzer, New York State Health Department, has reported an outbreak of salmonellosis among 60 persons following a testimonial dinner in a restaurant. Of these, 34 became ill with nausea, chills, headache, malaise, vomiting, and diarrhea, with a mean incubation period of 36 hours. Roast beef was suspected to be the vehicle of infection, but this was not definitely established. The source of infection was not found, A strain of Salmonella typhimurium was isolated from specimens obtained from 5 patients,

Gastro-enteritis

Dr. D. C. Poskanzer has reported 2 outbreaks of gastroenteritis involving a hotel in New York State. The chef, who had gastro-enteritis prior to these outbreaks, was suspected to be the source of infection. However, no laboratory examinations were made to prove this supposition. The first was among 75 persons following a luncheon. Twenty of these became ill with abdominal cramps and diarrhea from 2 to 3 hours later. The source of illness was probably ground beef loaf, half of which was prepared the night before and left unrefrigerated. The second outbreak occurred about 2 weeks later. In this instance the symptoms were identical with those of the earlier outbreak, but the incubation period was from 10 to 20 hours. Epidemiologic evidence indicates that turkey was the vehicle of infection, but none of the food was available for bacteriological examination.

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

		2d WEE		CUMULATIVE NUMBER							
DISEASE	Ended		1117	Fi	rst 2 wee	ks	Since a	ow week	Approxi- mate		
DISEASE	Jan. 14, 1956		Median 1951-55	1956	1955	Median 1951-55	1955-56	1954-55	Median 1950-51 to 1954-55	seasonal low point	
Anthrax062	11	1	1	3	1	1	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	(²)	
Botulism049.1	-	-		19.7		4 4	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	16	17		31	27						
Diphtheria055	57	39	42	98	105	105	1,428	1,322	1,772	July 1	
Encephalitis, infectious082	17	18	16	37	45	23	988	1,397	750	June :	
Hepatitis, infectious,			1				7.7				
and serum092.N998.5 pt.	471	960		856	1,578		.5	.55-	.577		
Malaria110-117	5	5		10	8		(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	
Measles085		11,942	7,370	11,694	21,986	14,614	40,792	76,455	50,706	Sept.	
Meningococcal infections057	87	117	118	3146	202	205	31,069	1,251	1,360	Sept.	
Meningitis, other340	22			444							
Poliomyelitis080	116	134	159	⁵ 236	263	285	528,443	37,450	34,754	Apr.	
Psittacosis096.2	2	9		4	14		(2)	(-)	(2)	(2) (2)	
Rabies in man094	- T	13/2-	- I	-	- I	-	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Smallpox084		-			Library and the	227	(²)		(2)	(²)	
Typhoid fever040	23	24	25	43	40	54	1,462	1,917	2,033	Apr.	
Typhus fewer, endemic101		2	-	1 9	2	\$50 - 0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	
Rabies in animals	95	108	127	190	230	254	1,215	1,583	1,813	Oct.	

Reported in Pennsylvania.

NOTE .- No report for the current week has been received from Utah.

SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and of Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, rabies in man, and smallpox are not shown in table 2, but a footnote to table 1 shows the States making the reports. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, relapsing fever-louse borne, typhus fever-epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted at the end

Symbols. -- | dash - |: no cases reported; 3 dashes --- |: data not available.

Frequencies are too small.

Addition: Maryland, week ended January 7, 1 case.

Addition: Maryland, week ended January 7, 1 case.

Addition: Maryland, week ended January 7, 1 case.

Deduction: Montana, week ended January 7, 1 case.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JANUARY 15, 1955 AND JANUARY 14, 1956

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	BRUCEL (UNDU FEV	LANT	DIPHTHERIA 055				ENCEPHALITIS, INFECTIOUS		HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, AND SERUM 092,N998.5 pt.				
AREA	044		2d week		Cumul first 2		082		2d week		Cumulative first 2 weeks		
	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	
CONT. UNITED STATES	16	17	57	39	98	105	17	18	471	960	856	1,578	
NEW ENGLAND	8 -	1	1,175	100	The second	3	1		21	100	80	150	
Maine	-	135		- X	-	- X -	K 4.	-	3	6	37		
New Hampshire		-	- L		91 -		- A	- 27	12 10	5		10	
Vermont	P	292-1	The .	42.		1 2	-	5 F 10 23	6	4 54	10	7	
Rhode Island				43		-			1	18	10	30	
Connecticut	10 mg 2	1			B -	- 2	1	100	7	13	14	2	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC		11.2	1	2	1	2	. 4	4	96	225	160	35	
New York	7 1-	IIIĞ	ī	1	ī	ĩ	4	3	59	116	77	18	
New Jersey	8 -	- 1	71 5	7.6	-	100	_	1	7	33	8	3	
Pennsylvania	-	-	1 ==-	1	-	1	-	-	30	76	75	13	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	2	5	14	6	18	14	3	4	56	166	92	25	
Ohio	20.51	-	-	1	3	1	1	1	13	20	26	3-	
Indiana			2	2	2	10	1	2	11	19	20	3	
Illinois	1	2	-	1		1			16	20	22	3	
Michigan	1	3	12	2	13	2	1	1	9	96 11	15 9	110	
William Co.				100	1. 1			100		100	THE RESIDEN	21	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	8	3	5	8	9	25		1	46	129	76	21	
MinnesotaIowa	1 4	1	2	4	3 2	13	. Cu	15	17	62	26	8	
Missouri		il	-1			1			21	10	33	6:	
North Dakota	_		T .	4 -		Mary 2	14 m 12 m	1	ī	1	3	1:	
South Dakota	2	-	-	1	-	4	-	_	4	12	7	2	
Nebraska	-	0.00	2	3	4	7	= 1-	-	1	10	5	Beech Til	
Kansas	1	-	27.00	1 D.	- 5	pd: 15	-	C 11,13=	1	4	1		
SOUTH ATLANTIC	1	- 5	13	12	19	32	1	2	35	85	59	172	
Delaware					-	- P	-			2	-		
MarylandDistrict of Columbia	-	- U -		1	-	1	- 1-		2	7	3	H.	
Virginia	Harry 1			î	7 . I	ī			2 19	38	31	84	
West Virginia	JUDY-	NEV _	1		1				15	12	2	21	
North Carolina	3 5 2	2	3	2	4	7	-	-6_	3	5	3	19	
South Carolina	1	-	F 4 -	2	99 II-	5	1	3-1	2	350	7	3	
Georgia		3	4	5	5	15	- X -		6	5	9		
Florida	FX) H-	-	5	1	9	3	11-	2	1	12	2	13	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	-	5	2	14	6	1	1	28	46	54	7	
Kentucky	100	30	-	1	1	2	1	-	4	20	10	20	
Tennessee	1	1 3	2 3	1	2	1	1		20	18	33	36	
AlabamaMississippi	100	3 - 3			11	2	a 1	i	4	5	10	11	
AND THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF	4 5.5	V 71.	111111	Trans.	100	767	50.				William Pile		
WEST SOUTH CENTRALArkansas	2	1	11	7	28	15	3	- 1	19	34	46	66	
Louisiana	ī	1	4	1	3 6	3 3		154	-	7	2 2	1:	
Oklahoma	201		1	-	3	i	i	7 - 4	2	1 2	4		
Техая	1	ali 8.4	6	5	16	8	2	-	17	24	38	48	
MOUNTAIN	2	15.1	37.69		4777		N I Po	1	70	87	115	120	
Montana			0 12	1	_		1 1		10	_	23	139	
Idaho	-	19.5	2.87	150		1 2 -	DE		5	6	11	Ľ	
yoming	1	1	1.751-7		46	- 3	-	-	6	1	12	Charles .	
Colorado	3.	9	20 B	121-	- 1	-	9 -	TO UT	11	12	18	14	
New Mexico	1	-			1000	- 10.5	177	- 5	2	31	2	44	
Utah		-			2		1	1	36	32	49	51	
Nevada			Low		1,032	A / -	412 1-1		-	1	14 - 1	100	
PACIFIC		1	8	2	9	8	704	5	100	88	174	147	
ashington	7 12			13.	3	-	3.74	- 3	20	19	174	3:	
Oregon	1 183	1	3.20-	1. 285-	1.732	-	1		34	31	51	41	
California	100	1.00	8	2	9	8	4	5	46	38	83	60	
Alaska		D+-2	- 11	1.0	S	-	-	Total Control	1	6	2	100	
Hawaii	-	J-1	187	71	200	-		-		1	2		
Puerto Rico	-	-	2	2	. 3	3	- 13-	-		1	7.0		

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JANUARY 15, 1955 AND JANUARY 14,1956--Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

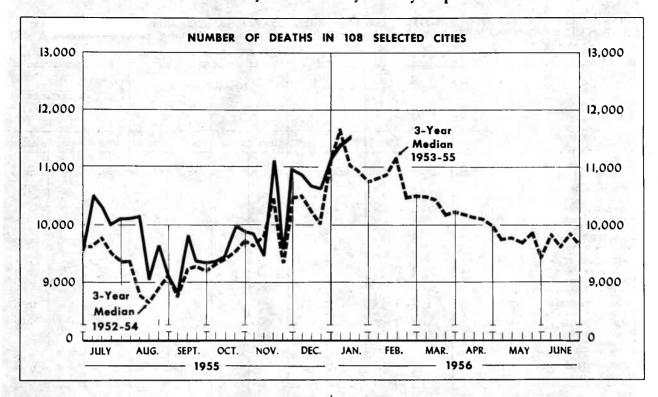
			P		0.11		20.					
AREA	7	T	otal ¹	. 8	Paralytic		Nonparalytic		MALARIA		MEASLES	
Manage Land	2d w	eek	Cumula first 2		080.0,	080.1	080	.2	110-	117	08	15
	1.956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955
CONT. UNITED STATES	116	134	236	263	69	68	24	31	5	5	7,230	11,94
NEW ENGLAND		7	10	12	2	4		1	ž.,	1	186	4,11
Maine	Y 1 2/	- 1	1		150		-	1	110	ī	91	15
New Hampshire		1	1	1	1.00	-	-		> -		T	10
Vermont	100	5	-	9		4	-	1	-		5	144
Massachusetts	3	1	6 2	1	1	4	+	5 - 1	4 44	- 1	83	2,64
Connecticut		ium er	-78-	1	. 1	38.74		190		19.7	5	89
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	10	17	19		100	5	2	2		200	878	2 76
New York	7	ii	15	35 19		5	2	2	100	1	344	2,76
New Jersey	- 3	i	1	6	1.1	7413		563		1	154	1,07
Pennsylvania	3	5	5	10	100	77	_	100	-		380	541
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	10	13	21	23	3	6	1	1	3	7 35-1	1,765	1,746
Ohio	4	1	6	2	1	11		100	-	112	275	186
Indiana	150	2	1	2	12.5±		-	91 1	-		53	35
Illinois	3	2	-	33.4	- 5 - 5	-		-	100-		819	274
Michigan	5	6 2	6	10	2	5	1	1	-		450	796
Wisconsin	3		8	5	-	3190	etiki .		14.1		168	453
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	5	3	11	16	- 3	1	-	-	400		864	704
Minnesota	5.4.0	1	1	2		11.3	15.1	ac .		•	2	583
IowaMissouri	3	•	6	5 2	2	1 V 2 R	100	PX -		2	543 57	134
North Dakota		ī	- 15	2	- 1	ī	78 -		- 10 - 31	100	52	63
South Dakota	1	751	2	2	4		482	17	-	1000	2	
Webraska	-	100	0 - 5 - LE	1	-		-	- 7	0.0	11 6 -	8	11.076
Kansas	ii≥	1	1	4	- T	13/6	Noye,	100	100	C15 1 10	400	14
SOUTH ATLANTIC	9	20	17	36	9	13		4	-	10.12	943	333
Delavare		-		-			-			-		1
Maryland	1	2	1	- 3	1	2	-	- 1	-		360	27
District of Columbia				20.0	V 100			-			21	
Virginia	1	ī		ī		961					259 95	125
West Virginia	2	6	5	15	2	2		3	4		85	17
South Carolina	4.7	8 000	1	4.42	(MD) =	23.4.	1778 - 1		_	1. 15. 1	61	
Georgia	5	2	5	5	5	2	-		100	- 1	77	81
Florida	1	9	5	14	1	6	144	1	-	- 1	7	14
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	3	4	7	9	3	2					276	214
Kentucky	1	2	3	5	1	2	10.00	-	12.00	10/12	161	54
Temessee	-0	1		1	-			100	750.00	Jul 1973	79	116
Alabama			N. Dank	1	-		-	10E - 1		63-17	18	40
Mississippi	2	1	FULL	2	2		1100	THE REAL PROPERTY.		3	18	288
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	28	19	49	29	16	12	8	5	2	2	791	780
Arkansas	2	2	4		2	2				- 13	154	27
Louisiana	. 5 2	3	6	3 7	3 1	1 2		2			144	11
Oklahoma	21	10	36	15	10	7	8	3	2	2	491	742
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		100	N. S. P.	LA CI		1 2	10.3	14 11 11 11	BULL		3.000	
MOUNTAIN	1	11 2	12 2	27	1	2 2	1. Sec.	1	Digital Control	1	977	279
MontanaIdaho	. 10	-	-	5	1	-		240		7	11	31
Wyoming	14 S. A.	ALC: N	14 1/20	5		100	UN .	CO.	10		101	1
Colorado		2	2	2	ACC IN			1	1	1	447	A1 14
New Mexico		1	-	2	-		-	1		644-	29	52
Arizona	3 10			2	-	N STATE			4.50		248	175
Utah	2	5 1	3	9	4.7.	133	-		10.3	ar :	1	10
				Self Control			13.42			TAP - X4		2 000
PACIFIC	7	40 8	90	76 9	28 5	25 6	13	17 2	5		550 119	1,006
Oregon	í	2	6	4	3	2			100	mar i		
California	36	30	77	63	23	15	13	15	1 2		416	695
Alaska	64123	1		2	47.0	111			-		15	TAKE.
Hawaii	5	-	9		5		-	1 5 -	100	-40-	6	63
Puerto Rico	7.00	10		36	110	10	-1	-	10000	octive wa	29	54

¹Includes cases not specified by type, category number 080.5.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JANUARY 15, 1955 AND JANUARY 14, 1956—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	MENINGO INFECT		MENIN- GITIS, OTHER	PSITTA	cosis		TYPHOID	FEVER 040	4.3	TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIC	RABIES IN ANIMALS	
AREA	057		340	096. 2		2d week		Cumul first 2		101	54.25E	
	1956	1955	1956	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1956	1955
CONT. UNITED STATES	87	117	22	2	9	23	24	43	40	1 5	95	108
NEW ENGLAND	9	2	1		1			2000				E - 1
Maine		1	1	5 8 -	-	13.4		- 1	E 10 -	-	2	-
New Hampshire	3		-	13	1,000	F1=1	-	-		10.23		× -
Vermont	1 2	1	100	Mr. T.	-	12.1	Marie I	Sale -	-	100		Gr -
Rhode Island	í	-	1	-	12000	S 8-2	6-1		100			-
Connecticut	2	Aug.	B-11"		1	2	POST	1.00	71			
The second second second second	8	1 75 1	1000			ge - 12 i.i.	100	7.793	23 <i>d</i> (4	100	573	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC		17	State To		1	4	4	9	7	-	16	9
New Jersey	2 3	8	100		-	1	1	3	1	The other	10	7
Pennsylvania	3	6	37017	- 11	6 1	3	1 2	6	1 5		6	2
EAST NORTH CENTRAL			1,000			776				10 D	0.00	
Ohio	2 2 6	19 2	9	1	3.0	2	4	2	7	September 1	10	10
Indiana	1	2	ī	9 T		1	2	1	5		5	3 6
Illinois	11	7	7	1	4	13/3	FT.		4.74.19	10000	-	
Michigan	4	1 4	1	1		1	2	1	2	Comments !	44.40	Carrier I
Wisconsin	1995 - I	3 4	Miles	Tyou so	199-	7544	200	200		2.440	5	1
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	4	6	2		STATE OF THE PARTY.	2	3	3	3		6	14
Minnesota	16.73	1	3 St. 2		100	-	3	3	- 3	2 -		
Iowa	1	î	2			1	7	1		1997		5 2
Missouri	-	1	16/16-20		1944	î	3	2	3		4	7
North Dakota	1	TITLE -	100	987 L	37.39	4000	THE	100 _ 7		3.34	2000 TE	T .
South Dakota	1000	2	575,065,37	-		III liges	PROSEN A	5 TO 10	9.00(-)			92:07-
Nebraska		TO GET		Şand-j	7907	- 111	Option -	KUDA	ès :	-	2	Cours-
Kansas	2	1	mess your	Smile	2 E-54	4 2 CHILL	5/4/1	1-11-12-15	9)	with the same	92 E. (** 1)	Supplied -
SOUTH ATLANTIC	11	29	6	March 1	4	3	1	8		12 75 22	25	33
Delaware	7.75	-	AR THE	5-178-		13	20.7	1		515-1	1	11-16
Maryland	150 L-15	1	STATE OF STREET		-	31334 E	100	OUT OF		99 70-3		alter -
District of Columbia		- 1	W-101-		-	1		-	01 fct -e	hive -		500
Virginia	2	3	3	796			Feb. 5		2	_	10	14
West Virginia North Carolina	- 4 d	2	3	- 3		W 16	14/35/4	are referen	1	Power City	3	2
South Carolina	4	10 5		1000	7-38	2	Library of the	3	E female	C CONT.	1	3
Georgia	2	3	STORY OF THE	glid 1	Eng-	1		i	2. TO 10 PK		9	9
Florida	2	5	100	A167 0	100	00.970	1	3	3 0 1	141	1	9
	7		AND DESCRIPTION	100		51		100 1 60		E. WAILS	-	the series
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	í	12	1	1613	200	7		9	1000	-	12	21
Tennessee	4	6	4 1 8			1 5	28.28-M	2	-		2	-
Alabama	2	4	mon III	13.0° U		-	10 m	5	2012		2 7	6 10
Mississippi	Herton !	11 L	Wilson Pro	310	-1-5	1	SUME	2	15	I WITCH	í	5
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL		10	1,645, 20			170				1/22-11	100	300
Arkansas	14	12	3 1	21-1-	1975	2	2	5	7		20	18
Louisiana	4	4	_		Street		1	2	2		3	2
Oklahoma	1	2	2	V all	100 BK	1	333	1	1	Difful Tev		ī
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Idaho	2	data E			ī		1	- 113	r	2011		
Wyoming		500	1000		Sile I		-					X = 1
Colorado			ALTER TO		E	37.5			- 13	_	-	
New Mexico	10 To 6			1.4			6	1	7		-	2
Arizona		WAY.		100	47.0	- 17° - 18	2	-	3	Paris Service		164
UtahNevada		i		7.	32						772	:
PACIFIC	8	18	CARLES	1	2	1	1	8	1		6	ı
Washington	2	2	Sec.	100	-		4 To 10	-	100	7 51 2	-	1
Oregon	18	3	200 20	1	NO.	1 12	6172 Y	1 *	(-K)			I Dried
California	6	13	1070	5. F. Barro	2	1	1	5	1		6	1
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Hawaii	120	154	LEWIS	144					1450	150	A LANGE	G BENT
	6.6 (8)	98 F.L	20 TO 13	1-94	1 deat	OLD THE	10.0	SCIENCE NO.	2010	THE TAILS	5.00	AAZXIVAS.



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 108 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, and, for comparison, the median of the number of deaths reported for the corresponding weeks of the 3 previous calendar years. (The median is the central one of the three values arranged in order of magnitude.) If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is made to maintain comparability for graphic presentation.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the

interval between death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city with a weekly average of 50 deaths, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to 64 (d \pm $2\sqrt{d}$, where d represents the average number of deaths per week).

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

	2d week ended	k week	2d week	Percent change, median	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FIRST 2 WEEKS			
AREA	Jan. 14, 1956		median 1953-55	to current week	1956	1955	Percent change	
TOTAL: 106 REPORTING CITIES	10,918	10,742	10,423	+4.7	21,660	20,476	+5.8	
New England(13 cities)	491	539	496	-1.0	1,030	993	+3.7	
Middle Atlantic(17 cities)	3,237	3,387	3,264	-0.8	6,624	6,381	+3.8	
East North Central(17 cities)	2,317	2,040	2,015	+15.0	4,357	3,945	+10.4	
West North Central(9 cities)	801	860	748	+7.1	1,661	1,343	+23.7	
South Atlantic(9 cities)	951	872	810	+17.4	1,823	1,616	+12.8	
East South Central(8 cities)	513	499	563	-8.9	1,012	984	+2.8	
West South Central(13 cities)	945	884	845	+11.8	1,829	1,745	+4.8	
Mountain(8 cities)	269	245	254	+5.9	514	543	-5.3	
Pacific(12 cities)	1,394	1,416	1,468	-5.0	2,810	2,926	-4.0	
						A		

Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED JANUARY 14, 1956

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

CITY	2d week ended Jan.	lst week ended Jan.	CUMULATIV FIRST		CITY	2d week ended Jan.	lst week ended Jan.	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FIRST 2 WEEKS		
	14, 1956	7, 1956	1956	1955		14, 1956	7, 1956	1956	1955	
NEW ENGLAND	7) 1	15			WEST NORTH CENTRAL—Con.	130				
Boston, Mass		(268)		(559)	St. Louis, Mo	263	319	582	327	
Bridgeport, Conn	51	41	92	89	St. Paul, Minn	56	67	123	141	
Fall River, Mass	31 28	35 31	66 59	67 54	Wichita, Kans	60	35	95	84	
Hartford, Conn	58	54	112	131	SOUTH ATLANTIC	N. A.				
Lowell, Mass	27	26	53	44	Atlanta, Ga	122	116	238	236	
Lynn, Mass	14	19	33	56	Baltimore, Md	262	248	510	490	
New Bedford, Mass	31	28	59	45	Charlotte, N. C	49	53	102	62	
Providence, R. I	71 48	51 69	122 117	95 137	Jacksonville, Fla	(54)	(61)	(115)	(117 123	
Somerville, Mass	18	29	47	39	Miami, Fla	75 54	61 40	136	79	
Springfield, Mass	44	54	98	91	Richmond, Va	79	71	150	134	
Waterbury, Conn	27	34	61	57	Savannah, Ga				(69	
Worcester, Mass	43	68	111	88	Tampa, Fla	74	55	129	120	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC			THE R	1. 100	Washington, D. C	188	195	383	292	
1075 S T 6		1			Wilmington, Del	48	33	81	80	
Albany, N. YAllentown, Pa	55 (47)	57 (36)	112 (83)	82 (70)	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL		25. 1.	100		
Buffalo, N. Y	103	193	296	270	Birmingham, Ala	74	69	143	154	
Camden, N. J.	28	46	74	87	Chattanooga, Tenn	47	44	91	103	
Elizabeth, N. J	22	24	46	63	Knoxville, Tenn	47	47	94	66	
Erie, Pa	27	37	64	69	Memphis, Tenn	123 96	87 124	210	245 188	
Jersey City, N. J	78 94	99	177	125	Mobile, Ala	46	33	79	47	
New York City, N. Y	1,782	100 1,795	194 3,577	257 3,452	Montgomery, Ala	18	25	43	68	
Paterson, N. J	37	44	81	73	Nashville, Tenn	62	70	132	113	
Philadelphia, Pa	541	444	985	963	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL		bei			
Pittsburgh, Pa	171	232	403	386	Austin, Tex	35	31	66	54	
Reading, Pa	(21)	(16)	(37)	(41)	Baton Rouge, La	18	25	43	51	
Schenectady, N. Y.	96 26	107 22	203 48	183 42	Corpus Christi, Tex	18	9	27	31	
Screnton, Pa	(35)	(37)	(72)	(58)	Dallas, Tex	107	120	227	189	
Syracuse, N. Y	71	67	138	110	El Paso, Tex.	31	26	57	72	
Trenton, N. J	50	44	94	111	Fort Worth, Tex	50 193	56 117	106 310	104 301	
Yonkers, N. Y	30	43	73	61	Little Rock, Ark	59	46	105	90	
10mac18, N. 1:	26	33	59	47	New Orleans, La	166	160	326	321	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	. "	who does		200	Oklahoma City, Okla	74	61	135	139	
The second second	1		x x3.09		San Antonio, Tex	91	95	186	188	
Akron, Ohio	53	60	113	112	Shreveport, La	53 50	74 64	127 114	88 117	
Canton, Ohio	29 925	808	49	64				111	(1) T	
Cincinnati, Ohio	218	159	1,733 377	1,475 380	MOUNTAIN		12 /	167		
Cleveland, Ohio	243	202	445	369	Albuquerque, N. Mex	18	20	38	53	
Columbus, Ohio	119	116	235	233	Colorado Springs, Colo Denver, Colo	11	19	30	27	
Deyton, Ohio	78	73	151	126	Ogden, Utah	126	105	231 32	274	
Detroit, Mich	31	(317) 40	71	(692) 57	Phoenix, Ariz	26	27	53	51	
Flint, Mich.	40	43	83	57 75	Pueblo, Colo	19	10	29	23	
Fort Wayne, Ind	34	49	83	61	Salt Lake City, Utah	50	39	89	81	
Gary, Ind.	(19)	(37)	(56)	(67)	Tucson, Ariz	5	7	12	10	
Grand Rapids, Mich.	48	28	76	71	PACIFIC		5 De	100		
Indianapolis, Ind	136	98	234	222	Berkeley, Calif	13	19	32		
Peoria, Ill.	140 31	136 27	276 58	251 58	Long Beach, Calif	58	60	118	10	
South Bend, Ind.	27	26	53	59	Los Angeles, Calif	518	536	1,054	1,123	
Toledo, Ohio	110	107	217	223	Oakland, Calif	102	106	208	23	
Youngstown, Ohio	55	48	103	109	Pasadena, Calif	121	35 115	236	210	
MEST NORTH CENTRAL	1,2 %	46 30		The same	Sacramento, Calif	45	58	103	123	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL			4.4	30	San Diego, Calif	96	52	148	20	
Des Moines, Iowa	48	56	104	75	San Francisco, Calif	210	217	427	37	
Duluth, Minn.	21	37	58	49	Seattle, Wash	121	146	267	269	
Kansas City, Kans Kansas City, Mo	32 112	27 104	59 216	80 204	Spokane, Wash.	35	41	76	76	
Minneapolis, Minn.	134	136	270	244	Tacoma, Wash	28	31	59	86	
Omaha, Nebr	75	79	154	139	Honolulu, Hawaii	(41)	92	7 3	(7	

Symbols.—parentheses [()]: data not included in table 3; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

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